

Engineering Report

EB-16242-22



Title: Stress-Strain Test
of a sample of
conductor 242-AL1/39-ST1A (LA 280 HAWK)

At the request of: EMTA KABLO SANAYI VE TİCARET A.Ş.
İstasyon Mahallesi İbişğa Caddesi No:4 34940 Tuzla – İstanbul,
Turkey

Test standard: EN 50182:2001

Place of test: RIBE Test Laboratory
Werk 2
Industriestr. 5
91126 Schwabach, Germany

Internal request for test: VA 16242 File: 1.2 Contents: 16 pages

Summary:

A Stress-Strain Test was carried out with a sample of conductor 242-AL1/39-ST1A (LA 280 HAWK) provided by the purchaser. The results are documented in this report.

Mario Dansachmüller
RIBE Engineering
Schwabach, 6 July 2016

Hans-Jörg Krispin
RIBE Engineering

Richard Bergner
Elektroarmaturen GmbH & Co. KG
Sitz in Radebeul
Amtsgericht Dresden HRA 2857
Persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin:
Richard Bergner Elektroarmaturen Verwaltungs GmbH
AG Nürnberg HRB 14827

Geschäftsführer:
Frank A. Bergner
Thomas Dann

Hausanschrift:
Bahnhofstr. 8-16
91126 Schwabach
Germany

Telekommunikation:
Telefon +49 (0) 9122 / 87 -0
Telefax +49 (0) 9122 / 87 -1506
E-Mail elektroarmaturen@ribe.de

Bankverbindung:
Commerzbank Schwabach, Kto-Nr. 5 803 598, BLZ 760 400 61
USD-ID-Nr.: DE188368425

www.ribe.de

RIBE Elektroarmaturen
EB-16242-22_Stress-Strain_Test_ACSR_Hawk.docx
EKE / Kr



Index

- 1. Test set-up for composite conductor..... 3**
- 2. Test loads for composite conductor 3**
- 3. Results for composite conductor..... 4**
- 4. Test set-up for steel core only 7**
- 5. Test loads for steel core only 7**
- 6. Results for steel core only 8**
- 7. Evaluation of stress-strain curves 10**
- Appendix 1: Conductor data..... 11**
- Appendix 2: Calibration certificate load cell 12**
- Appendix 3: Calibration certificate displacement sensor 1..... 13**
- Appendix 4: Calibration certificate displacement sensor 2..... 15**

1. Test set-up for composite conductor

The length of the conductor sample was 20,68 m (between eyes of dead-end clamps). The gauge length was 15,000 m. The conductor sample was prepared in line with instructions given in EN 50182. Epoxy type end fittings were used.

Measuring devices (calibration protocol see Appendices 2 to 5):

Tensile load	Load cell 200 kN Lorenz K11, S.No. 28261
Displacement	Inductive sensor HBM W100 S.No. 113.04 Data Acquisition Delphin AMDT CH5
Displacement	Inductive sensor HBM W50 S.No. 92410224 Data Acquisition Delphin AMDT CH6

2. Test loads for composite conductor

Loading conditions for stress-strain test for conductor 242-AL1/39-ST1A (LA 280 HAWK) with a rated tensile strength (RTS) of 84,89 kN as specified by the purchaser:

Tensile load (% RTS)	Tensile load (kN)	Hold time (h)	Remark
2	1,7	-	Initial load to straighten the conductor
0	0	-	Set the strain gauges to zero
30	25,5	0,5	Readings after 5, 10, 15 and 30 minutes, release to initial load
2	1,7	-	
50	42,4	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
2	1,7	-	
70	59,4	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
2	1,7	-	
85	72,2	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
2	1,7	-	
85	72,2	-	Remove strain gauges and increase tension until breakage of conductor

3. Results for composite conductor

A screw-type tension device was used (constant rate of displacement per time). The rate of increase of load was such that 30 % RTS were reached after 1 minute 30 seconds. The respective rate of loading was approximately 17,0 kN/min. Stress was calculated on the basis of tensile load and total cross-sectional area of conductor (281,1 mm²).

Date of test: 5 July 2016

Tensile load % RTS	Tensile load kN	Stress MPa	Elongation mm	Strain %	Temperature beginning/end of hold period °C	Remark
0	0	0	0	0	23,4	Set the strain gauges to zero
30	25,5	90,6	19,6	0,131	23,4	Reading after 0 minutes
			20,4	0,136	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			20,5	0,137	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			20,6	0,138	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			20,8	0,139	23,5	Reading after 30 minutes
50	42,4	151,0	36,8	0,246	23,5	Reading after 0 minutes
			38,1	0,254	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			38,4	0,256	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			38,6	0,257	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			38,9	0,259	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			39,1	0,261	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			39,3	0,262	24,0	Reading after 60 minutes
70	59,4	211,4	58,7	0,392	24,0	Reading after 0 minutes
			61,6	0,411	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			62,2	0,415	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			62,6	0,417	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			63,3	0,422	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			63,7	0,425	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			64,0	0,427	24,4	Reading after 60 minutes
85	72,2	256,7	80,4	0,536	24,4	Reading after 0 minutes
			84,5	0,563	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			85,4	0,569	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			86,0	0,573	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			87,0	0,580	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			87,6	0,584	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			88,1	0,587	24,6	Reading after 60 minutes
30	25,5	90,6	54,0	0,360	-	Readings during 5 th application of load
50	42,4	151,0	65,8	0,439	-	
70	59,4	211,4	78,1	0,521	-	
85	72,2	256,7	88,1	0,587	-	

The conductor broke at a load of 85,1 kN (100,2 % RTS based on an RTS value of 84,89 kN) at the exit of one tension clamp in the fifth application of load.

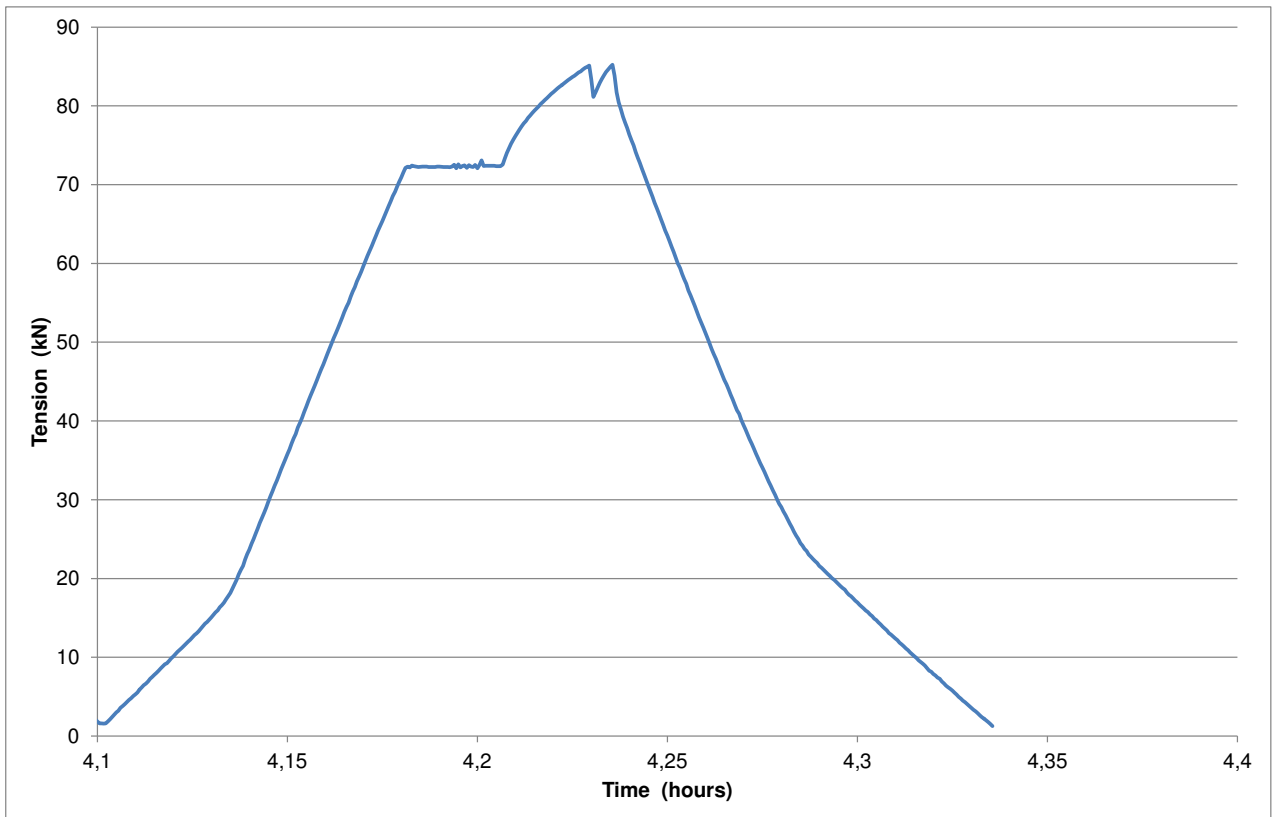


Fig. 1: Diagram load vs. time: Fifth application of load

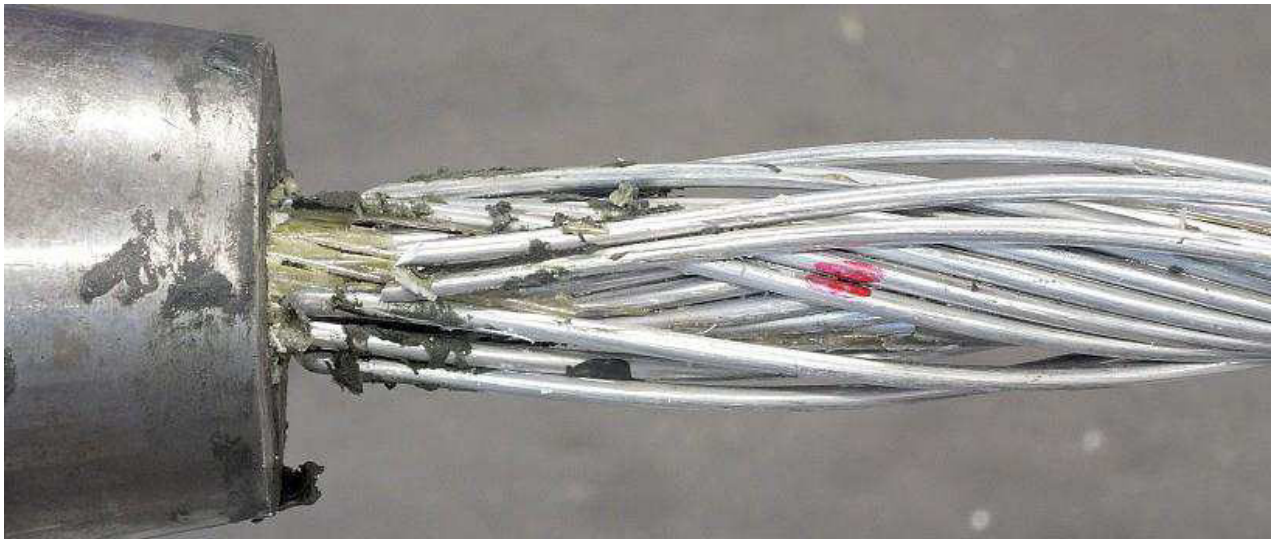


Fig. 2: Breakage of outer layer aluminium wires in one end clamp

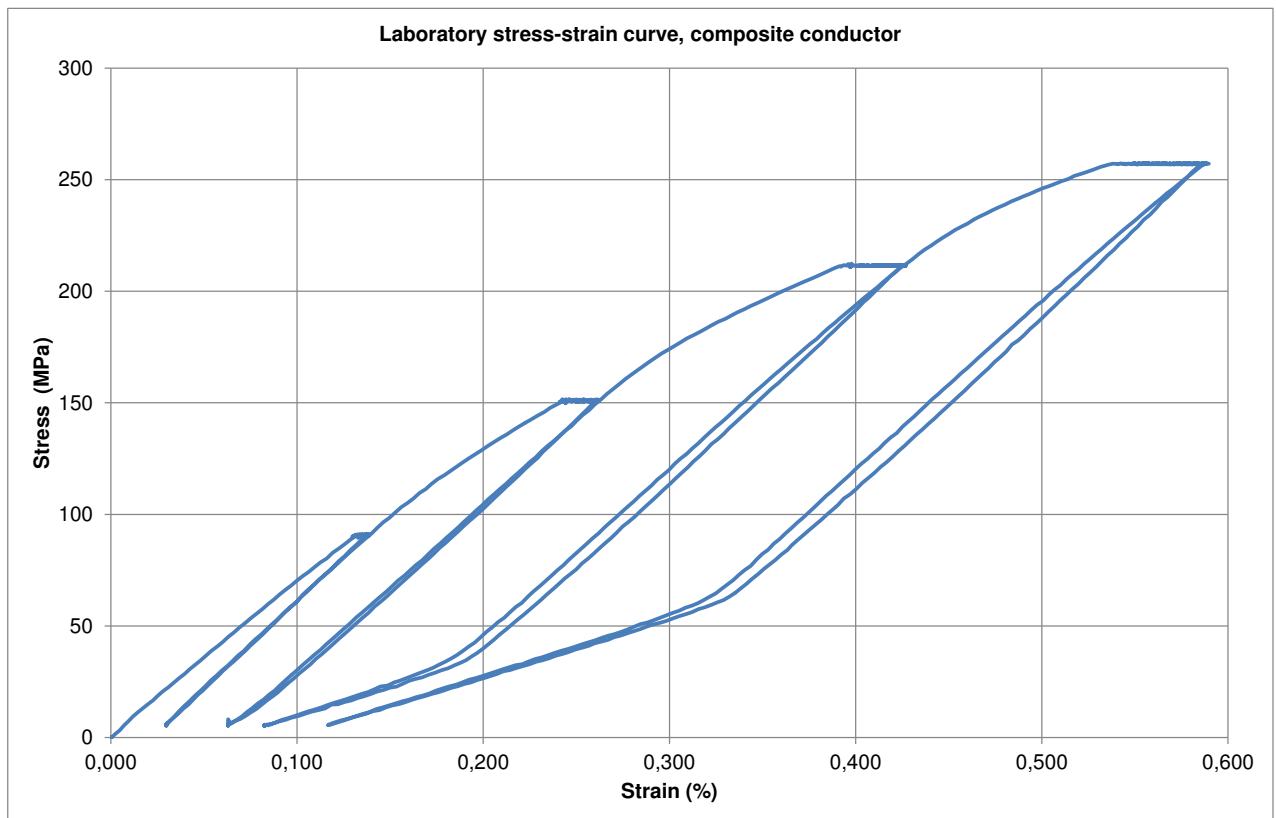


Fig. 3: Laboratory stress-strain curve, composite conductor

4. Test set-up for steel core only

The length of the steel core was 21,18 m (between eyes of compression dead-end clamps). The gauge length was 15,004 m. The steel core sample was prepared in line with instructions given in EN 50182, and the required methodology for installation of the compression dead-end clamps was used.

Measurement devices see paragraph 1.

5. Test loads for steel core only

The steel core was loaded until the elongation at the beginning of each hold period corresponded to that obtained on the conductor at 30, 50, 70, and 85 % RTS, respectively:

Load level (% RTS)	Strain (%)	Tensile load (kN)	Hold time (h)	Remark
-	-	1	-	Initial load to straighten the steel core
-	0	0	-	Set the strain gauges to zero
30	0,131	9,1	0,5	Readings after 5, 10, 15 and 30 minutes, release to initial load
-	-	1	-	
50	0,246	17,2	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
-	-	1	-	
70	0,392	27,3	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
-	-	1	-	
85	0,536	36,1	1	Readings after 5, 10, 15, 30, 45 and 60 minutes, release to initial load
-	-	1	-	
85	-	36,1	-	Remove strain gauges and increase tension until breakage of conductor

6. Results for steel core only

Stress was calculated on the basis of actual tensile load and cross-sectional area of steel core (39,5 mm²).

Date of test: 6 July 2016

Tensile load step	Actual tensile load	Stress	Elongation	Strain	Temperature	Remark
% RTS	kN	MPa	mm	%	°C	
0	0	0	0	0	-	Set the strain gauges to zero
30	9,1	231,2	19,7	0,132	22,8	Reading after 0 minutes
			19,9	0,133	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			20,0	0,133	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			20,0	0,133	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			20,0	0,133	22,9	Reading after 30 minutes
50	17,3	437,0	36,9	0,246	22,9	Reading after 0 minutes
			37,4	0,249	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			37,5	0,250	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			37,6	0,250	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			37,6	0,251	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			37,7	0,251	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			37,7	0,251	23,0	Reading after 60 minutes
70	27,3	690,5	58,9	0,393	23,0	Reading after 0 minutes
			59,6	0,397	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			59,8	0,398	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			59,8	0,399	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			60,0	0,400	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			60,1	0,400	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			60,2	0,401	23,3	Reading after 60 minutes
85	36,2	914,3	80,7	0,538	23,3	Reading after 0 minutes
			81,8	0,545	-	Reading after 5 minutes
			82,1	0,547	-	Reading after 10 minutes
			82,3	0,549	-	Reading after 15 minutes
			82,6	0,551	-	Reading after 30 minutes
			82,9	0,552	-	Reading after 45 minutes
			83,0	0,553	23,5	Reading after 60 minutes
30	9,2	233,7	27,1	0,181	-	Readings during 5 th application of load
50	17,4	441,4	43,8	0,292	-	
70	27,4	693,6	64,2	0,428	-	
85	36,3	919,2	82,8	0,552	-	

The test was terminated at a load of 50,0 kN in the fifth application of load without breakage of the steel core, in order to prevent damage of the testing equipment.

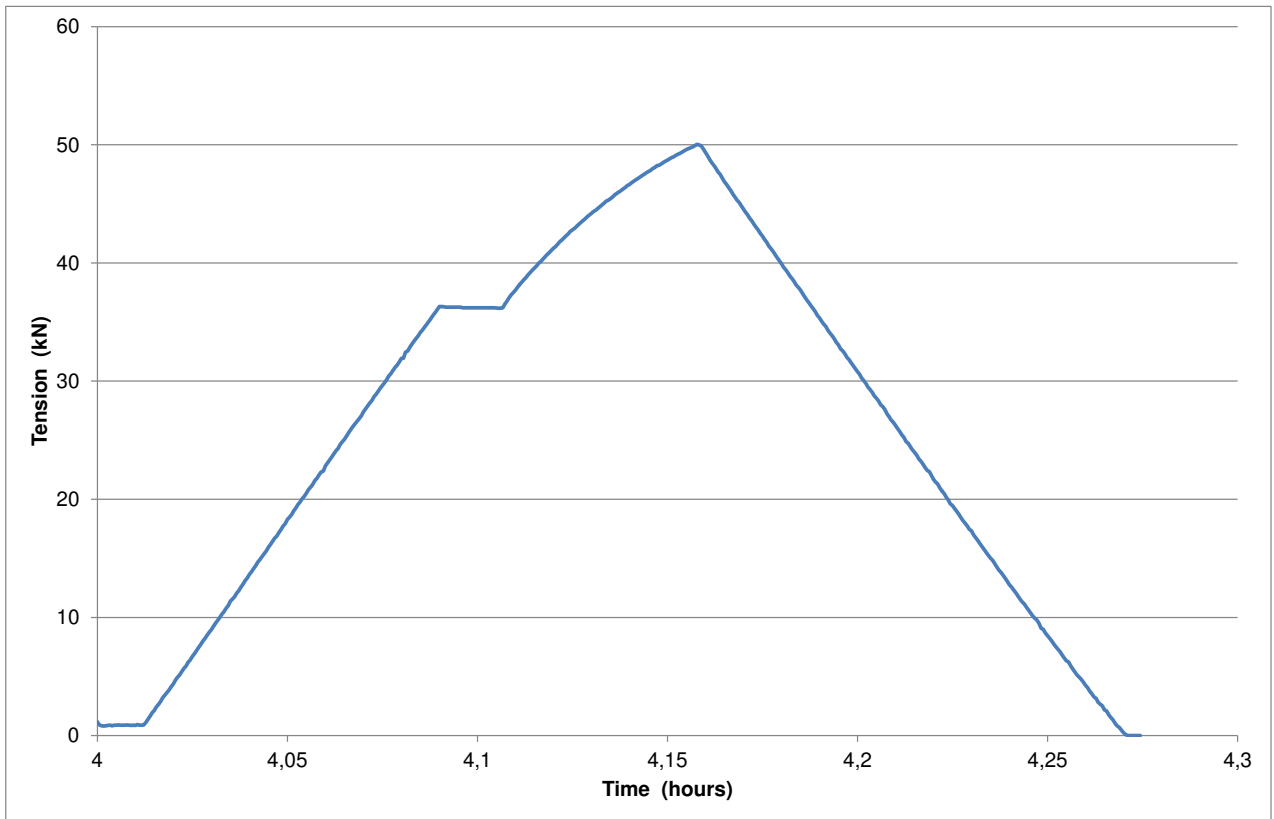


Fig. 4: Diagram load vs. time: Fifth application of load

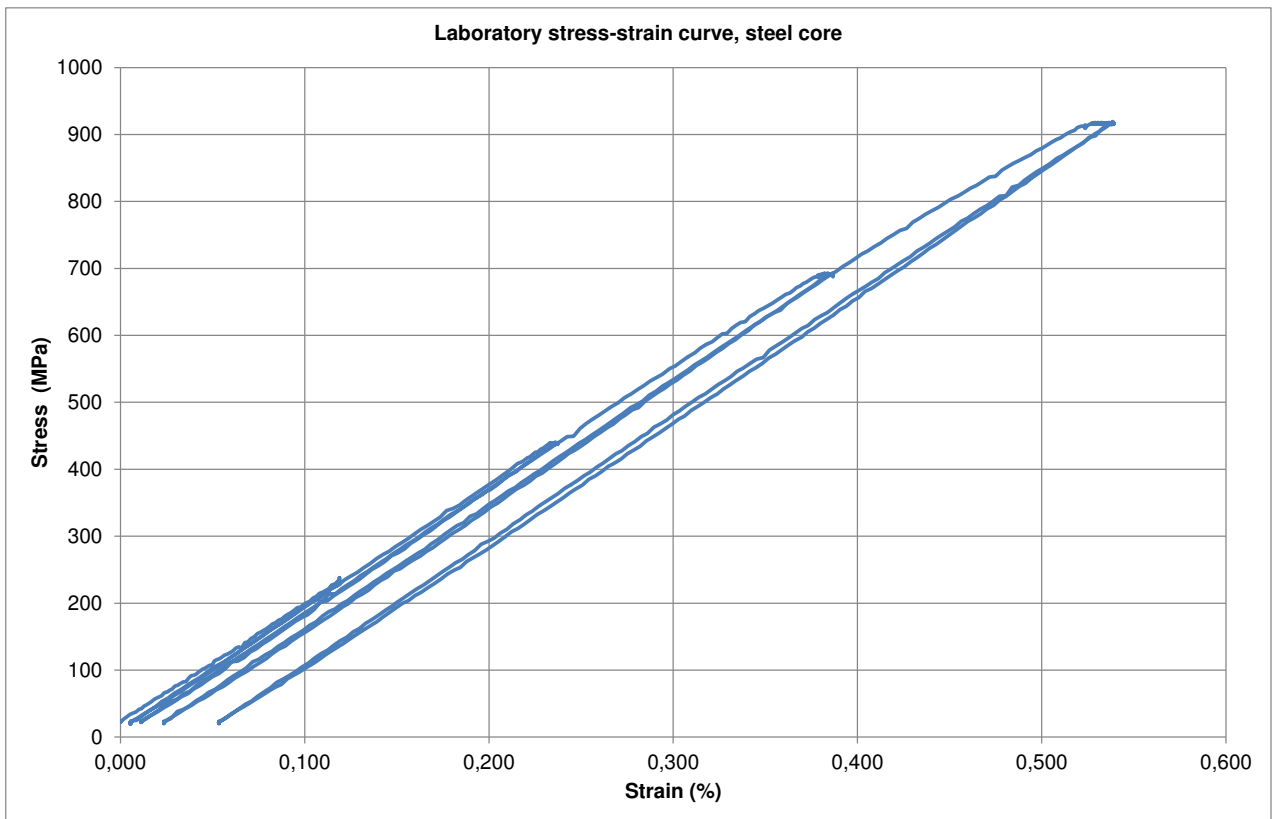


Fig. 5: Laboratory stress-strain curve, steel core

7. Evaluation of stress-strain curves

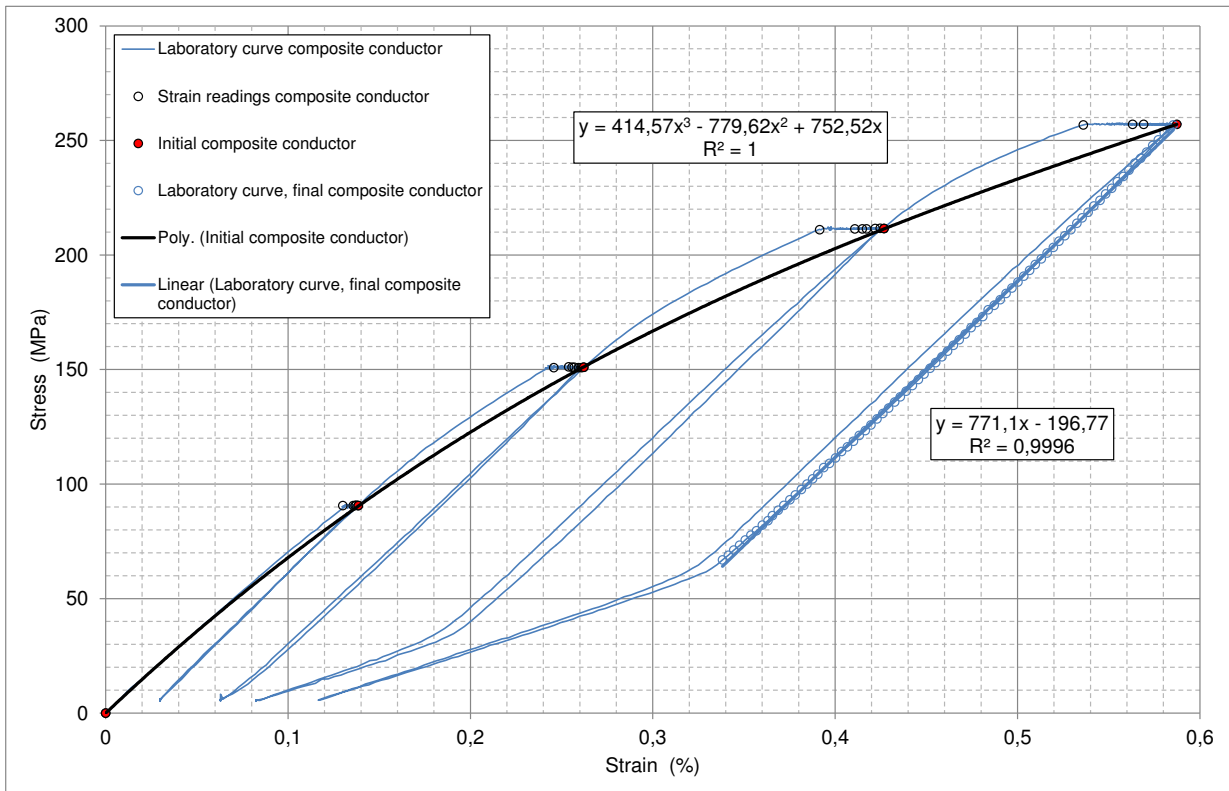


Fig. 6: Initial stress-strain curve and final modulus of composite conductor

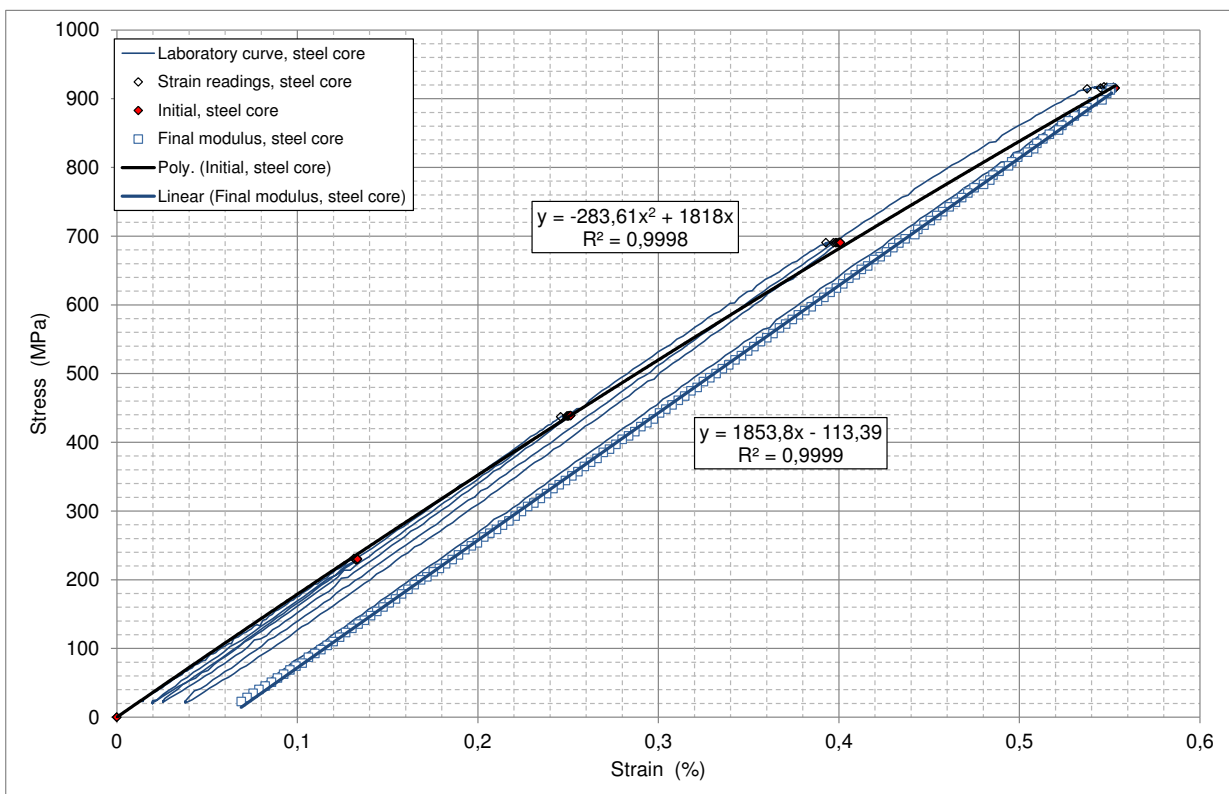


Fig. 7: Initial stress-strain curve and final modulus of steel core

Appendix 1: Conductor data

EMTA CONDUCTOR & CABLE				SGS		UKAS WIRING 005		
CODE NAME				242-AL1/39-ST1A				
OLD CODE				LA 280 HAWK				
STANDARD				BS EN 50182_2001				
Aluminium Conductor Steel Reinforced	Size/nominal sectional area		mm ²	240				
	Aluminum strand		Number	26		Diameter	3,44	
	Steel strand(for ACSR only)			7			2,68	
	Calculated area		Alum.	241,6	mm ²	Total	281,1	mm ²
			Steel	39,5				
	Minimum breaking strength		kN		84,89			
	Outside diameter		mm		21,80			
	Standard weight		Alum.	667,4	kg/km	Total	976,2	kg/km
			Steel	308,8	kg/km			
	Calculated resistance 20°C		D.C.		0,1195		Ohm/km	
	Modulus of elasticity		Final		77.000		N/mm ²	
	Coefficient of linear expansion		Per °C		18.9 * 10 ⁻⁶			
	Lay ratio and Direction of lay		Outer		Second		Third	
			Alum.	10 - 14	Right	10 - 16	Left	
			Steel	16 - 26	Right			
	Length of each reel		m (+/- %2)		1.750			
	Reel type		mm*mm*mm		1500 * 700 * 750 (890)			
	Net weight per drum (without grease)		kg		1.708			
Gross weight per drum		kg		1.928				
Grease weight Acc. To BS EN 50182_2001*		kg/km (+/-%20)						
Grease type								
ALUMINUM WIRE	Diameter		mm		3,44			
	Ultimate tensile strength		N/mm ²		165			
	Conductivity at 20°C		% IACS		61			
STEEL CORE WIRE	Diameter		mm		2,68			
	Ultimate tensile strength		N/mm ²		1.350			
	Stress at 1% extension		N/mm ²		1.140			
	Elongation in 250 mm		%		3,0			
	Galvanizing weight of coating		g/m ²		230			
	Torsion		turns		16			
<p>EMTA KABLO SANAYI VE TİCARET A.Ş. İstasyon Mahallesi İbrişğa Caddesi No:4 34940 Tuzla – İstanbul Tel:(+90) 216 446 66 06 / Fax:(+90) 216 446 43 93 sales@emtaconductor.com - www.emtaconductor.com</p>								

Appendix 2: Calibration certificate load cell



Zentrum für Konstruktionswerkstoffe
Staatliche Materialprüfungsanstalt Darmstadt
Fachgebiet und Institut für Werkstoffkunde
Prof. Dr.-Ing. Matthias Oechsner



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

akkreditiert durch die / accredited by the

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

als Kalibrierlaboratorium im / as calibration laboratory in the



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-K-11048-01-00

Deutschen Kalibrierdienst

DKD

Kalibrierschein

Calibration certificate

W 160272.3

1. Ausfertigung

Kalibrierzeichen
Calibration mark

L 1938
D-K- 11048-01-00
2016-02

Gegenstand Object	liegende 200 kN Zugprüfmaschine
Hersteller Manufacturer	Lorenz
Typ Type	K11
Fabrikat/Serien-Nr. Serial number	28261
Auftraggeber Customer	RIBE, Richard Bergner Elektroarmaturen GmbH & Co. KG Bahnhofstraße 8 - 16 91126 Schwabach
Auftrags-, Vertragsnummer	310513 vom 20.1.14 / W 620
Anzahl der Seiten des Kalibrierscheines Number of pages of the certificate	7
Datum der Kalibrierung Date of calibration	15.02.2016

Dieser Kalibrierschein dokumentiert die Rückführung auf nationale Normale zur Darstellung der Einheiten in Übereinstimmung mit dem Internationalen Einheitensystem (SI). Die DAkks ist Unterzeichner der multilateralen Übereinkommen der European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) und der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der Kalibrierscheine. Für die Einhaltung einer angemessenen Frist zur Wiederholung der Kalibrierung ist der Benutzer verantwortlich. This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the units of measurement according to the International System of Units (SI). The DAkks is signatory to the multilateral agreements of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) and of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) for the mutual recognition of calibration certificates. The user is obliged to have the object recalibrated at appropriate intervals.

Dieser Kalibrierschein darf nur vollständig und unverändert weiterverbreitet werden. Auszüge oder Änderungen bedürfen der Genehmigung sowohl der Deutschen Akkreditierungsstelle als auch des ausstellenden Kalibrierlaboratoriums. Kalibrierscheine ohne Unterschrift haben keine Gültigkeit. This calibration certificate may not be reproduced other than in full except with the permission of both the German Accreditation Body and the issuing laboratory. Calibration certificates without signature are not valid.



Stempel Seal	Datum Date	Stellv. Leiter des Kalibrierlaboratoriums Deputy head of the calibration laboratory	Bearbeiter Person in charge
	16.02.2016	Dipl.-Ing. (FH) A. Hecht	V. Marzian Dipl.-Ing. V. Marzian

Staatliche Materialprüfungsanstalt Darmstadt
Grafenstraße 2, D-64283 Darmstadt

Mess- und Kalibriertechnik
kalibrierlabor@mpa-ifw.tu-darmstadt.de

Telefon: 06151 16-25144
Fax: 06151 16-25126

Appendix 3: Calibration certificate displacement sensor 1

RIBE

Richard Bergner Elektroarmaturen GmbH + Co. KG

EEK

Page 1/2

Protocol

Cert_W50_092410224_2016-06-16

16/06/2016

Calibration protocol according to DIN ISO 10012

Calibration protocol code

Cert_W50_092410224_2016-06-16

Devices calibrated:

Device 1: Displacement Sensor HBM W50
Serial No.: 092410224

Device 2: HBM Measurement Amplifier MGCplus / ML55B
Serial No.: 801197960/1

Device 3: Delphin Data acquisition system, AMDT CH3
Serial No.: without

Calibration reference device

Device 1: Gauge blocks Johansson Type 11
Serial No.: 11, 25463 DKD-K-17301 2010-11

Measurement data:

Page 2

Date of calibration:

16/06/2016

Calibration carried out by:

H. Jung



CERT_W50_092410224_2016-06-16.xlsx

Appendix 4: Calibration certificate displacement sensor 2

RIBE

Richard Bergner Elektroarmaturen GmbH + Co. KG

EEK

Page 1/2

Protocol

Cert_W100_113-04_2016-06-16

16/06/2016

Calibration protocol according to DIN ISO 10012

Calibration protocol code

Cert_W100_113-04_2016-06-16

Devices calibrated:

Device 1:	Displacement Sensor HBM W100
Serial No.:	113.04 / 3799
Device 2:	Measurement Amplifier HBM MGC / MC55
Serial No.:	199144B
Device 3:	Data acquisition system Delphin, AMDT CH5
Serial No.:	none

Calibration reference device

Device 1:	Gauge blocks Johansson Type 11
Serial No.:	11, 25463 DKD-K-17301 2010-11

Measurement data:
Date of calibration:
Calibration carried out by:

Page 2
16/06/2016
H. Jung



CERT_W100_113-04_2014-10-10.xlsx

RIBE

EEK

Richard Bergner Elektroarmaturen GmbH + Co. KG

Page 2/2

Protocol

Cert_W100_113-04_2016-06-16

16/06/2016

Devices calibrated:

Device 1: Displacement Sensor HBM W100

Serial No.: 113.04 / 3799

Settings: none

Device 2: Measurement Amplifier HBM MGC / MC55

Serial No.: 199144B

Settings: Channel 1, sensitivity 82,08 mV/V, Filter AC

Device 3: Data acquisition system Delphin, AMDT CH5

Serial No.: none

Sensitivity 10 V / 100 mm

Calibration reference device:

Device 1: Gauge blocks Johansson Type 11

Serial No.: 11, 25463 DKD-K-17301 2010-11

Relative displacement reference mm	Displacement reading mm	Relative displacement mm	Deviation relative displacement %
0	-99,75	0,00	
10	-90,29	9,46	-5,43
20	-80,30	19,44	-2,79
30	-70,31	29,44	-1,88
40	-60,39	39,36	-1,60
50	-50,34	49,40	-1,19
60	-40,39	59,36	-1,07
70	-30,42	69,32	-0,97
80	-20,39	79,35	-0,81
90	-10,33	89,41	-0,65
100	-0,44	99,31	-0,69
110	9,62	109,36	-0,58
120	19,80	119,55	-0,38
130	29,96	129,70	-0,23
140	40,50	140,24	0,17
150	50,40	150,14	0,09
160	60,64	160,39	0,24
170	70,72	170,47	0,28
180	80,64	180,39	0,22
190	90,16	189,90	-0,05
200	99,67	199,42	-0,29

CERT_W100_113-04_2014-10-10.xlsx